Physical Activity for Children and Young People



Children should be

physically active

for at least 60 minutes every day

60 active minutes should be split between schools (30 minutes) and outside of school time (30 minutes).

- Active break times
- PE lessons
- Extra-curricular clubs
- Active lessons
- Sport and physical activity events
- 1K-A-Day

- Walking to and from school
- Sports clubs
- Play in the park
- Swimming
- Junior parkrun



their maximum

recommended daily intake of sugar.

Drink more water instead

around





Physical activity and sport is linked to

- improved concentration
- classroom behaviour
- pro-social behaviour
- peer relationships



Nearly a third of children aged 2 to 15 are overweight or obese.

Children aged 11 and from the poorest income groups are

3 TIMES

as likely to be obese compared to their most well off counterparts.

bically

Children who are aerobically fit have higher academic scores.



What can you do?



- Go for a long walk with the family (with or without a dog!)
- Find a junior parkrun near you by searching at www.parkrun.org.uk/events/juniorevents
- Walk, cycle or scoot to school
- Go swimming
- Get off the bus one stop early and walk the
 - Park in the furthest away parking space when
 - Don't seat young children in the shopping trolley or buggy; let them help to choose healthy food
 - Join a local sports club (search online for your County Sport Partnership which will have a local
 - Limit screen time to an hour a day and encourage children to do alternative activities such as playing,
 - Lead by example; be a role model by taking part in activities with your children

