



Administration of Medicines & Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions Policy

2024-2025



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Introduction

- This school is an inclusive community that welcomes and supports pupils with medical conditions
- This school provides all pupils with any medical condition the same opportunities as others at school.
- The priority for all staff at Cherry Tree Academy, is to promote and support the wellbeing
 of our children.
- This policy has been produced in line with the DFE Statutory Guidance 'Medical-conditions: supporting pupils at school'.
- This policy applies to all pupils, parents and staff at Cherry Tree Academy

Department of Health Guidance documents that give greater detail in specific areas:

Guidance on the use of adrenaline auto-injectors in schools (September 2017)

Guidance on the use of emergency salbutamol inhalers in school (March 2015)

To be read in conjunction with:

- Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions, Statutory guidance (December 2015, updated August 2017)
- Separate guidance document; Supporting pupils with medical conditions: links to other useful resources) updated August 2017
- Attendance Policy
- SEND Policy
- First Aid Policy
- Health and Safety Policy
- Education Visits Policy
- Children who cannot attend school because of medical needs
- Additional resources include Health Conditions in Schools Alliance: www.medicalconditionsatschool.org.uk

Be aware that individual medical conditions guidance may have been updated to reflect the impact of Coronavirus: Covid-19; if uncertain contact Public Health England (PHE) and/or local infection control teams

Scope and Publication

Copies of the policy are available on request, in large print or other accessible formats if required.

This policy should be read in conjunction with the school's Health and Safety Policy.

Aims

Cherry Tree Academy is committed to ensuring that all pupils with medical conditions, both physical and mental health, can access and enjoy the same opportunities at the school as any other pupil and to ensuring that they are able to play a full and active role in school life, remain healthy and achieve their academic potential.

Personnel

The person responsible for leading on supporting pupils with managing medicines in school is called:

Title: Designated Safeguarding Lead

Name: Lisa Shephard

Location: Cherry Tree Academy

Responsibilities

Trust

The Trust is responsible for:

- Fulfilling the statutory duty to support pupils with medical conditions
- Ensuring that policies, plans, procedures and systems in place are properly and effectively implemented. (This monitoring role is the responsibility of the Head of SEND and Inclusion)

• Ensuring that the school is covered by the Department for Education's Risk Protection Arrangement (RPA) or the equivalent level of insurance.

Headteacher

The Headteacher is responsible for:

- Clearly identifying the roles and responsibilities for those involved in the supporting pupils with medical conditions
- Ensuring that sufficient numbers of staff are suitably trained and able to access all relevant information and teaching support materials required to assist pupils with medical conditions
- Ensuring that sufficient numbers of trained staff are available to support pupils' medical needs at all times whilst they are under the care of the school, including making contingency plans for staff absence and emergency situations
- Ensuring that information regarding an individual pupil's medical condition is shared with appropriate staff (including supply teachers where appropriate) on a need-to-know basis
- Ensuring that risk assessments consider the additional risks posed to individual pupils as a result of their medical conditions.

Medicines Lead

The Medicines Lead is responsible for:

- Training frontline admin/office staff to understand the systems and processes in school for receiving medicines, completing forms or signposting parents to the person who leads on managing medicines. (Appendix 2 provides an overview for this)
- Ensuring that IHCPs are completed for relevant pupils/students and that they are updated annually.
- Monitoring that medication is being administered according to any agreements recorded.
- Monitoring that records of medication administered are being completed in line with policy.
- Ensuring that pupils/students additional medical needs are being met to the highest standards both on the premises and off (whilst on educational visits and activities).
- Ensuring they are familiar with this policy and all the appendices including the consent forms and plans.
- Ensuring that the school has two emergency asthma inhalers and two emergency autoadrenaline injectors which are in date at all times and that they are stored in line with school procedures.
- Ensuring that all staff, including supply and agency staff, and volunteers working with their class know which children might require emergency medication (i.e. inhalers or auto-immune injectors) and where this can be found.
- Ensuring that a child who has had a prolonged absence from school due to a long-term health need is receiving the additional support required to help them readjust and access learning.
- Risk-assessing the procedures for administering medicines in the school.

Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Ensuring that pupils receive any support or medication stated in their plans/agreements at the times and according to the dose stated.
- Ensuring that all staff, including supply and agency staff, and volunteers holding this information are aware of the need for confidentiality.
- Ensuring that any concerns are shared with the person responsible for Supporting pupils with medical conditions.
- · Recording all doses of medication administered.

In the case of schools with EYFS

• Reporting, in writing, to parents that medication has been administered.

Liaising with Parents

• The school promotes on-going communication with parents in order to ensure that the specific medical needs of all pupils in our care are known and met.

- Parents must inform the Headteacher/Medicines Lead if their child has or develops a medical condition and, where appropriate, provide the school with appropriate medical evidence and/or advice relating to their child's medical condition.
- Parents should also inform the Headteacher/Medicines Lead if their child will require
 prescription medication to be taken over a specified period of time at the school, and of any
 changes to the medication required.
- The school requests that medication is only taken at the school if it is essential, i.e. where it would be detrimental to the pupil's health not to administer the medication during the school day.
- To this end, medicines should generally be taken at home, before and after the school day where possible. The school will therefore only administer medicine if it is prescribed as four times a day or more. Any variance to this will be at the discretion of the Headteacher.
- Where pupils require medication for pain relief (i.e. Calpol, Paracetamol, etc.) for a specific medical or health issue, that has been prescribed, parents need to bring this to the school office and complete an 'Agreement for School to Administer Medicines' form (Appendix 4). School will administer this in line with the manufacturer's guidelines, including the timeframes advised i.e. not administering it for more than a 24-hour period (except at the direct discretion of the Headteacher/Medicines Lead). School will need to know the time when the last dose was given at home in order to agree to give subsequent doses.

Prescription medicines will only be administered at school:

- when it would be detrimental to a child's health or school attendance not to do so and
- when we have parent's written consent.

[EYFS only]

Staff will ensure that parents are informed in writing on each and every occasion that any medication was administered, and for any reason medication has not been administered parents will be informed and will be given an explanation.

Individual Health Care Plans (IHCPs)

The school will focus on the on the needs of each individual pupil and how their medical condition impacts of their school life, including how the medical condition impacts on a pupil's ability to learn and will take steps to help increase pupils' confidence and ability to self-care.

Where a pupil has long-term or complex medical condition or health needs, the school will, where appropriate, produce an IHCP for that pupil, in accordance with Appendix 1. A template IHCP is set out in Appendix 3.

The IHCP will be presented to the parents for approval prior to its implementation to ensure the school holds accurate information about the medical condition of any pupil with long-term needs.

The IHCP will be reviewed at least annually or more frequently where a pupil's needs change.

Asthma Care Plans

Where a child is suffering from Asthma and has been prescribed an inhaler, there will be a meeting between the Medicine Lead and the parents to complete an Asthma Care Plan (as opposed to an IHCP). Asthma Plans are completed annually as it is recognised that this condition and the relevant medication can change over time. The information collected (See Appendix 5) includes identifying potential triggers, treatment, emergency contacts and what to do in an emergency.

The school keeps an Asthma register which is kept updated regularly. It is posted in the First Aid Room and the Staff Room to assist identification of pupils who may require emergency support (see Appendix 8).

The school also displays, alongside the above, a flowchart for helping children who need emergency support for their asthma (see Appendix 9).

DoH Guidance on the use of emergency Salbutamol inhalers in school (March 2015)

Severe Allergy Plans

Pupils who suffer from severe allergies and have been prescribed an auto-adrenaline injector (AAI) require a Severe Allergy Plan. This needs to be completed by a healthcare professional and then shared with the school.

If someone appears to be having a severe allergic reaction (anaphylaxis), you MUST call 999 without delay, even if they have already used their own AAI device or a spare one. (Appendix 11)

- In the case where emergency services are required, those dealing with the incident should clearly pass this message onto office staff, who will call for the ambulance straight away, and then inform leadership. The ambulance should be called before parents are contacted. A designated first aider should remain with the child until the ambulance arrives.
- In the case that a child needs to be assessed at a hospital then parents should be contacted immediately. If the child's contacts cannot be reached, then a member of the leadership team and a first aider should transport the child to hospital. Office staff should continue to attempt to contact family members.

See also:

DoH Guidance on the use of auto-injectors in school (September 2017).

Training

The school will ensure that there are members of staff who are appropriately trained to manage medicine as part of their duties. Staff must not give medication or undertake healthcare procedures without appropriate training. As a result, all staff will receive training in school procedures for supporting pupils with medical needs as part of safeguarding children.

All new starters will be made aware of the terms of this policy during their induction.

Prescription Medication

As a general rule, staff will not administer any medication that has not been prescribed for that particular pupil by a doctor, dentist, nurse or pharmacist.

No pupil shall be given medicine containing aspirin unless prescribed for that particular pupil by a doctor.

Administration of Medication

Where a pupil requires supervision to take their medication or where such medication will be administered by staff, pupils receiving medication should be made aware of when and where they should attend at the prescribed times during the course of the medication to receive their treatment.

We will:

- Administer prescription medicines during the school day if absolutely necessary (i.e. in cases
 where it would be detrimental to the child's health if it were not administered during the school
 day)
- Require parents/carers to complete a consent form detailing doses and times. Medication must be supplied in the original container they were dispensed in.
- Devise Individual Health Care Plans, with parents/carers, for managing long-term medical needs.
- Appoint a 'named person' for the administration of medication that requires specialist training (e.g. diabetic insulin injections)
- Keep inhalers in boxes in the classrooms so they are always accessible.
- Supervise the administration of inhalers where necessary.
- Store prescribed medication safely, in a designated locked medicine fridge and/or cupboard.
- Record and retain all documentation regarding the administering of medication. All medicines supplied to the school by parents must be provided in the original container as dispensed by the pharmacist and include the prescriber's instructions for administration.

We will not:

 Administer non-prescription medication, including throat sweets, which could result in a child choking. Administer inhalers without signed consent from parent/carer. Where possible, children should be taught to self-administer

Before providing the medicine to the pupils, staff administering medication will check:

- the pupil's full name
- the name of the medication
- the name of the child on the label
- the prescribed dose
- · the expiry dates
- the method of administration
- the time/frequency of administration
- any side effects
- the written instructions on the container
- when any previous dose was given

In order to avoid any errors, the name and the dose will be checked by another member of staff and the record of the dose countersigned by them.

If staff are in any doubt over the procedure, including where a child might be sick after taking medication, to be followed, the parents will be contacted before action is taken.

If a pupil refuses their medication, Staff will record this and report to parents as soon as possible.

No member of staff will administer more than the stated dose in the time period stated for any reason. (This **does not** include the emergency use of inhalers or auto-adrenaline injectors for those with IHCPs for these medical conditions).

Storage of Medication

Medicines are always securely stored in accordance with individual product instructions.

The school will carry out a risk assessment to consider any risks to the health and safety of the school community and put in place measures to ensure that identified risks are managed and that medicines are stored safely.

Non-emergency medicines will be stored in a locked cupboard with the key readily available at all times, not easily accessible by pupils – located in the main school office only.

Where such medicines need refrigeration, the medicine will be put in a sealed plastic container, particularly necessary if the fridge also contains food – located in the main school office

All medicines shall be stored in the original container in which they were dispensed, together with the prescriber's instructions for administration.

Medicines other than inhalers, unless otherwise specified in an IHCP, will be kept in the main school office.

Emergency medication such as inhalers, adrenaline pens and blood glucose testing meters will be kept in the pupil's classroom in a clearly marked container/bag in order to be easily accessible. They will not be locked away to ensure quick access in emergency. In order to ensure safety of classmates and avoid misuse of equipment, staff will instruct the whole class about the equipment, why it is vital to the pupil, where it is kept and how they need act. Inhalers must be checked, to ensure they have not expired. Parents must be contacted immediately and a new inhaler must be brought into school.

Pupils who do not carry and administer their own medication understand which members of staff will administer their medication.

Schools with EYFS need to state where the medicine in kept and the procedures for accessing it.

If a pupil is prescribed a controlled drug, unless otherwise agreed as part of an IHCP, it will be kept in safe custody in a locked, non-portable container and only named staff and the pupil will have access. A record of any doses used, and the amount of the controlled drug held at the school will be maintained.

Those pupils who are permitted to possess a controlled drug will be advised that it is an offence to pass the drug to any other person for use.

Parents should collect all long-term medicines belonging to their child at the end of each term and are responsible for ensuring that any date-expired medication is collected from the school.

Emergency Procedures

In the event of an emergency related to the administration of medicine, the Headteacher/Medicines Lead should be called as soon as possible, if not already present. If he/she does not consider that he or she is able to deal with the presenting condition, then they should continue any first aid or medical procedures being provided whilst another person summons emergency medical care. This does not, however, affect the ability of any person to contact the emergency services in the event of a medical emergency. Staff should always dial 999 for the emergency services in the event of a serious medical emergency before implementing the terms of this policy and make clear arrangements for liaison with the ambulance services on the school site.

All action taken should reflect the details outlined and agreed in the pupil's/student's IHCP if one is in place. A checklist for contacting the emergency services can be found in Appendix 10.

Off-Site Visits and Sporting Events

The school actively supports all pupils with medical conditions to access and enjoy the same opportunities at the school as any other pupil, which includes ensuring that they are able to take an active role in school trips and sporting activities, unless it is contraindicated by a medical professional involved in a pupil's care (such as his or her GP).

If a pupil attending an off-site visit or sporting event cannot self-medicate, they will be accompanied by a member of staff who has received appropriate training to administer the medication in accordance with this policy. Any treatment or action required will be documented in the Risk Assessment for the visit.

All pupils requiring preventative medicine (particularly for sport), if sufficiently competent to self-medicate, are responsible for carrying their medication with them. If not sufficiently competent, a member of staff shall carry the medication, individually labelled, along with the written agreement/plan. All doses administered by staff will be recorded on the plan/record.

Secure storage for medicines will be available at all short-term accommodation used by the school.

(See Educational Visits Policy).

Absence due to Long Term Health Needs

It is our intention that every pupil/student on our role has the offer of good quality education. Where the education of a pupil/student is interrupted as a result of being unable to attend school for a period of time due to health needs, we will work with the Local Authority and Health Care Practitioners/Hospital to ensure that the pupil/student's individual needs, including social and emotional, are met.

This applies to children who cannot attend school at all or can only attend intermittently.

The school will contact the LA as soon as it becomes clear that the child will be away from school for 15 days (30 sessions) or more consecutively or cumulatively.

The school will liaise with the Local Authority, as soon as the need becomes apparent, with a view to deciding the best course of action or provision.

The school will:

- Appoint a Lead contact to maintain regular communication with the child, the LA and the parents/carers
- Liaise with external teaching support in order to minimise the effect of the absence on the child's attainment and ensure effective reintegration through contributing to the education plan
- Ensure that any alternative education providers used will have the appropriate safe recruitment checks in place
- Maintain the child on role during this period
- Contribute to an individually tailored reintegration plan

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(See guidance document: "Ensuring a good education for children who cannot attend school because of health needs" Statutory guidance for local authorities December 2023 for more details).

Safeguarding

Where there are any concerns about a child's wellbeing, including frequent use of medication, staff will speak with the Designated Safeguarding Lead or their Deputy about such concerns. (Refer to the Child Protection Policy and Safeguarding Policy for procedures).

Staff Medicines

Where staff are taking medication for their own medical conditions, these will be stored securely, locked away, and out of reach of children. We are aware of the serious implications of children accessing medicines not prescribed for them. The arrangements for this school are that staff will keep all personal medication in the staff room (not accessible to children) and will only bring such medication that is necessary for the working day.

If staff are taking medication which may affect their ability to care for children, they must seek medical attention and speak with their line manager.

Review

This policy will be reviewed by the Trust every two years and its procedures will be reviewed and updated by the Medicines Lead on an annual basis.

Appendix 1: Model Process for Developing Individual Health Care Plans

Parent or healthcare professional informs school that child has been newly diagnosed, or is due to attend new school, or is due to return to school after a long-term absence, or that needs have changed Headteacher or senior member of school staff to whom this has been delegated, co-ordinates meeting to discuss child's medical support needs; and identifies member of school staff who will provide support to pupil Meeting to discuss and agree on need for IHCP to include key school staff, child, parent, relevant healthcare professional and other medical/health clinician as appropriate (or to consider written evidence provided by them) Develop IHCP in partnership - agree who leads on writing it. Input from healthcare professional must be provided School staff training needs identified Healthcare professional commissions/delivers training and staff signed-off as competent - review date agreed IHCP implemented and circulated to all relevant staff IHCP reviewed annually or when condition changes. Parent or healthcare professional to initiate

Appendix 2: Checklist when Receiving Medicines

All such documentation is stored with good data protection practice in mind

1	Is this a fourth dose? If YES go to Q3. If NO go to Q2
2	If not, why does it need administering in school?
3	Has it been prescribed by a doctor, dentist, nurse or pharmacist?
3	If YES go to Q4. If NO go to Q5
	Is it in the original packaging? **
4	Does it have the Pharmacist's name, address, telephone number and logo?
	If no logo, phone the pharmacy – do not administer.)1
5	Does it have the child's name and date of birth stated clearly on the packaging
၁	(and contents – if a bottle)?
6	Does the content match the container in name and dose size?
0	(i.e. 200mg Paracetamol not 500mg).
7	Is it in date?
8	Where does it need to be stored?
9	Who brought the medicine in to school?
10	Who will be collecting the medicine at the end of the day? (Not the child)
11	Has an administering medicines consent form or an IHCP been completed?

^{**} Note if Insulin, this may not be in the original container but might be in the form of pen or pump

Type of Permission / Medical	Long-Term Medicines	Short-Term Medicines	Asthma Plan	Allergies
Record to Complete	Appendix 3 IHCP	Appendix 4 Agreement for school to administer medicines/record	Appendix 5 Asthma Care Plan	Specific allergy treatment plan Generic allergy plan i.e. not severe
Who Completes it	SENCO – if linked to SEN Health Care Professional involved Another designated member of SLT	Parent	Parent with class teacher	1. Health Care professionals (who train relevant school staff to administer required medicine) 2. Parents with school Appendix 4 or IHCP depending on need
Types of Illnesses / Medication	Epilepsy Diabetes Cystic Fibrosis Chronic Fatigue Arthritis Coeliac Disease	Pain Fever Antibiotics	Asthma – use of inhalers	Allergies to food, animals etc.

Appendix 3: Individual Healthcare Plan (IHCP)

Place on school letterhead or insert school name and logo

Child's name	
Photo*	
*If parents give consent	
in paronto givo concent	
Olega/Farms	
Class/Form	
Date of birth	
Age	
Medical diagnosis or	
condition	
Date of plan	
Date of plan review	
Family contact information: FIF	RST contact
Full name	tor contact
Relationship to child	
Phone number (work)	
Home	
Mobile	
Address, if different to child	
Family contact information: SE	COND contact
Full name	COND CONTACT
Relationship to child	
Phone number (work)	
Home Mobile	
Address, if different to child	
Clinic/Hospital Contact/Pharma	acv
Name	
Role	
Contact Number	

GP	
Name	
Surgery/Practice	
Contact Number	

School	
Who is responsible for providing support in school?	
What are the expectations of the role? (Even if the child is self-administering)	
Who will cover this role if they are absent?	

Medical Needs	
What are the medical needs?	
What are the symptoms	
experienced by the child?	
What are the signs that can be	
seen that are an indication of	
the child being unwell?	
What can trigger an incident?	
Is treatment required?	
If so, what treatments are	
needed?	
What equipment/device is	
required?	
Where is this stored?	

Medication	
Name of medication	
Dose	
Time the dose is to be taken	
Method of administration	
(including 'with water' etc.)	
Side effects	
Contraindications (any	
circumstances in which the	
medicine should not be given)	
What other medication are	
they on?	
Who is administering the	
medicine?	

Which other staff have been appropriately trained to administer medicine (in case of absence or on school visits)?	When?
Name	Date
Name	Date
Name	Date

Daily Care requirements (inclu bloods testing etc.):	ding intimate care/need for f	ood with medicines/need	for
Potential risks to staff (includi	ng manual handling/blood be	orne virus etc):	
Specific support for the pupil's			
Arrangements for school visits			
Other information: (Requirement an EHCP in place?)			and/or
Describe what constitutes an e	emergency, and the action to	take ii triis occurs.	
Who is responsible in a medic	al emergency?		
On site On site			
Who needs to be aware of this Check appropriate box	plan, the child's condition a	nd the support required?	
Role	Name	Yes	No
Office/Admin staff			
Class teacher			
Classroom support			
Dinner time support			
After school club support			
Headteacher			
Site manager			
Whole teaching staff			
Whole school staff			
External providers			

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sports coache				
	ripatetic teachers etc.			
	PPA cover teachers			
EYFS unit sta	ff			
Plan develop	ed with tick and name w	here applicable		
☐ Parent				
☐ Pupil				
☐ School Re	presentative			
☐ School Nu Representati				
•		ninister medicine (Including self-admicine personally to		
		(A	Agreed meml	ber of staff)
consent to scho accordance wit	ool staff administering/my h the school policy and th	my knowledge, accurate at the time of a child self-administering (select as appoins plan. I will inform the school immeding the medication or if the medication is selected.	ropriate) me ately, in writi	dicine in
	chool sharing information dentiality basis in line witl	appropriately to relevant members of the school policy).	staff (on a ne	ed to
	e injector: I give consent f	reactions where the child has already or my child to use the school's emerge		
Name:				
Signed:			(parent/car	er)
Date:				

Agreement for School to Administer Medicines (& Record)

The school/setting will not give your child medicine unless you complete and sign this forn	i, and the
school or setting has a policy that the staff can administer medicine.	

school or setting has a policy that the staff	can administer medicine.
Name of Child	
Date of Birth	
Group/Class/Form	
Medical Condition/Illness	
Medicine	
NB: Medicines must be in the original cont	tainer as dispensed by the pharmacy
Name and strength of medicine	
-	
Date medicine provided by parent	
Expiry date	
Dose & time to be taken	
Frequency & duration of administration	
Are there any side effects that the school/setting needs to know about?	
Contact Details	
Name	
Telephone number	
Relationship to child	
I understand that I must deliver the medicine personally to the office staff.	
consent to school staff administering medi	y knowledge, accurate at the time of writing and I give icine in accordance with the school policy. I will inform the ny change in dosage or frequency of the medication or if the
Signature(s)	Date:
J \- /	

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Previous	Date	Time	Dose	Staff Member	Signature	Counter	Signature
Dose				Print Name		Signatory Print Name	
(Time)						Print Name	

Any adve	Any adverse reactions noted: Give date and time noted. Report to parent.					

Appendix 5a: My Asthma Care Plan

Name of Child						
Class/Form						
Date of Birth/Age						
Type of Medicine (& Expiry Date) Date of Plan Review	(Annually)					
Date of Flaff Review	(Arifficially)					
Family contact information: FIRST	contact					
Full name						
Relationship to child						
Phone number (work)						
Home						
Mobile Address, if different to child						
Address, if different to child						
Family contact information: SECO	ND contact					
Full name						
Relationship to child						
Phone number (work)						
Home						
Mobile						
Address, if different to child						
GP/Health Practitioner						
Name Surgery/Prostice						
Surgery/Practice Contact Number						
Contact Nulliber	1					
Inhaler Use						
Does your child tell you when he/she		Yes □	No □			
Does your child need help administer		Yes □	No □			
Does your child need to take their inh		Yes □	No □			
	y when they need their inhaler? Select or add					
Shortness of breath						
Sudden tightness in chest						
Wheeze or cough						
Other (please state):						
Other (please state): What are your child's triggers (things that can make their asthma worse)? Select or add						
Pollen	igo that can make their astillia worse; Select of ac	G				
Exercise						
Cold/flu						
Colu/IIu						

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Stress				
Weather				
Air pollution				
Other (please state):				
Is your child on any other asthma medication while in school's care? Give details below				
Medication	Dose	Frequency	Side Effects	

is your child on any other astrima medication while in school's care? Give details below				
Medication	Dose	Frequency	Side Effects	

If the above signs occur, please help/allow (delete as appropriate) my child to take the medicine stated above. After treatment and as soon as they feel better, they can return to normal activity.

I confirm that my child has an inhaler and spacer in school, and I will ensure that it is in date.

I consent to my child using the school's emergency reliever inhaler and spacer should it be necessary.

I understand that in an emergency, the school will first contact emergency services and then me.

Signed:	(parent/carer)
Date:	

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Appendix 5b: My Asthma Care Plan Record of Medication for Child with Asthma Plan (Where Staff Help with Administering)

Name of Child	
Date of Birth	
Group/Class/Form	

Date	Time Given	Dose Given	Staff Member Print Name	Signature	Counter Signatory Print Name	Signature

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Appendix 6: Staff Training R	ecord: Administration of Medicines
Name of School	
Name of Staff Member	
Type of Training Received	
Date of Training Completed	
Training Provided by	
,	
Profession and Title	
	of staff] has received the training detailed above and is competent to carry out any nd that the training has been updated for [name of member of staff].
Trainer's Signature:	
Data	
Date:	
I confirm that I have received the	training detailed above.
Staff Signature:	
Date:	
Suggested Review Date:	

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Appendix 7: Administering Medicines Training Record for Staff Date:

Outline of course content:

Name	Signature

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Appendix 8: Model Asthma/Severe Allergic Reaction Register (Keep separate registers for the above medical needs for ease of identification of pupil/student)

Asthma register for [academic year]

Photo (Where Possible)	Name:	Asthma plan in place (include date for renewal) Yes \square No \square
	Class:	Parental consent for the use of the emergency inhaler received Yes \square No \square
Photo (Where Possible)	Name:	Asthma plan in place (include date for renewal) Yes □ No □
	Class:	Parental consent for the use of the emergency inhaler received Yes \square No \square
Photo (Where Possible)	Name:	Asthma plan in place (include date for renewal) Yes □ No □
	Class:	Parental consent for the use of the emergency inhaler received Yes \square No \square

Appendix 9: What to do if a Child is Having an Asthma Attack

Inhalers are kept in the child's classroom, in a named wallet with the child's Asthma Plan. If the inhaler doesn't work or is empty, then check the plan to see if the child has consent to use the school's emergency inhaler. (This is kept in the First Aid room in a box labelled EMERGENCY INHALERS.)

Where consent has been withheld but there is a need to use the emergency inhaler, seek help from the First Aid Lead and Headteacher.

1. Help the child sit up straight and keep calm.



2. Help them take one puff of their named reliever inhaler (usually blue) using their spacer where provided, every 30-60 seconds, up to a maximum of 10 puffs

If symptoms persist...

If symptoms ease...



3a. Alert the First Aid Lead and Head teacher (without leaving the child), who will contact 999 if:

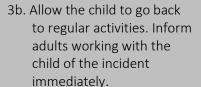
- their symptoms get worse while they are using their inhaler - this could be a cough, breathlessness, wheeze, tight chest or sometimes a child will say they have 'tummy ache'
- they don't feel better after 10 puffs
- you are worried at any time

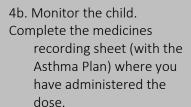
Do not leave the child alone or send them somewhere alone at any time.

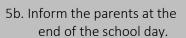


You can repeat step 2 if the ambulance is taking longer than 15 minutes.

5a. Office staff to keep phoning parents until they get a response.









Appendix 10: Contacting Emergency Services

Request an ambulance - dial 999, ask for an ambulance and be ready with the information below.

Ensure that, where the pupil/student has an IHCP relating to any medical condition (whether related or otherwise to this emergency), is made available to the emergency services upon arrival.

Ensure that, where the pupil/student is on any medication, this information is made available to the emergency services on arrival.

Contacting the Emergency Services

Request an ambulance - dial 999, ask for an ambulance and be ready with the information below.

Speak clearly and slowly and be ready to repeat information if asked.

- 1. School Telephone number **01977 704138**
- 2. Your name
- 3. School Location/Address: Cherry Tree Academy, Cobblers Lane, Pontefract.
- 4. Postcode WF8 2NH
- 5. Provide the exact location of the patient within the school setting.
- 6. Provide the name of the child and a brief description of their symptoms.

Inform Ambulance Control of the best entrance to use and state that the crew will be met and taken to the patient.

Practical points

- Ensure someone is stationed at the entrance to direct the ambulance crew to the pupil.
- Assign someone to contact, and keep contacting, the parent.
- Assign a senior person/first aider to stay with the child at all times.
- Give the paramedics:
 - o a clear concise account of the incident
 - o any medication given
 - o the time the medication was given
 - o the container the medication was in
 - o knowledge of any other medications the pupil/student may be on.

Appendix 11: Recognition and Management of an Allergic Reaction/Anaphylaxis Signs and symptoms include:

Mild-moderate allergic reaction:

- Swollen lips, face or eyes
- Abdominal pain or vomiting
- Itchy/tingling mouth
- · Sudden change in behaviour
- Hives or itchy skin rash

Action

- Stay with the child, call for help if necessary
- Locate adrenaline autoinjector(s) always bring AAI to the child not the other way around
- Give antihistamine according to the child's allergy treatment plan
- Phone parent/emergency contact

Watch for signs of anaphylaxis (below) - life threatening allergic reaction

Airway	Breathing	Consciousness
Persistent cough	Difficult or noisy breathing	Persistent dizziness
Hoarse voice	Wheeze or persistent cough	Becoming pale or floppy
Difficulty swallowing		Suddenly sleepy, collapse,
Swollen tongue		unconscious

If any ONE (or more) of these signs are present:

- Lie child flat with allow child to sit)
- Use Adrenaline
- Dial 999 to request

*** If in doubt, give

After giving Adrenaline

- 1. Stay with child until child up
- 2. Commence CPR if
- 3. Phone
- 4. If no improvement

adrenaline using another autoinjector device, if available

Anaphylaxis may occur without initial mild signs: ALWAYS use adrenaline autoinjector FIRST in someone with known food allergy who has SUDDEN BREATHING DIFFICULTY (persistent cough, hoarse voice, wheeze) – even if no skin symptoms are present.

legs raised: (if breathing is difficult,

autoinjector* without delay ambulance and say ANAPHYLAXIS

Adrenaline ***

ambulance arrives, do NOT stand

there are no signs of life parent/emergency contact after 5 minutes, give a further dose of

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